



Biochemistry Laboratory Handbook

1.	General Ir	nformation	3
2.	Using the	Handbook	3
3.	Where to	find us	4
4.	Key Conta	acts	5
5.	Laborator	y Opening Hours	5
6.	Making re	equests	5
7.	Transport	t of samples	<i>7</i>
8.	Acceptan	ce Criteria	8
9.	Protection	n of Personal Data and Information	8
10.	Service	s Provided	8
11.	Clinical	advice and interpretation	9
12.	Turnard	ound times	9
13.	Quality		10
14.	Commo	on interferences	10
15.	Reques	ting additional investigations	10
16.	Sugges	tions, problems and complaints	11
17.	Reperto	oire and sample requirements	12
18	Refere	nces	58
4рр	endix 1	AFP Reference Ranges	60
4рр	endix 2	Amino Acid reference Ranges	61
Арр	endix 3	Homocystine	64
Арр	endix 4	Cystinuria	65
App	endix 5	Immunoglobulin Reference Ranges	66

1. General Information

The Biochemistry laboratory forms part of the Department of Laboratory Medicine (Pathology) which is part of the Division of Medicine at Alder Hey Children's NHS Foundation Trust

Clinical Biochemistry (also known as Clinical Chemistry or Chemical Pathology) is the study of the chemical and biochemical processes of the body in their relation to disease. Biochemistry staff use a variety of complex analyses to diagnose and monitor children with a wide range of acquired and inherited disorders.

The department is staffed by a team of scientific, technical and support staff who provide an interactive clinical analytical service. The majority of the staff are members of professional associations which have an important role in the setting of professional standards and standards of analytical performance. The Biochemistry department is a UKAS accredited medical laboratory, No. 9091. Our accreditation schedule can be viewed on the UKAS website via the link below:

https://www.ukas.com/find-an-organisation/?q=alder+hey

Continuing professional development (CPD) is supported by membership of professional bodies and societies such as the <u>Institute of Biomedical Science</u>, the <u>Association for Clinical Biochemistry and Laboratory Medicine</u>, <u>The Royal College of Pathologists</u> and the <u>Society for the Study of Inborn Errors of Metabolism</u> which assist staff in maintaining an up to date clinical knowledge for the department. The department is a stakeholder member of the <u>Metabolic Biochemistry Network</u> and all qualified members of laboratory staff are registered with the <u>Health Care Professions Council</u>.

2. Using the Handbook

The handbook outlines pre-analytical guidance for both internal and external users of laboratory services provided by the Pathology Laboratories. It seeks to provide information to users when requesting tests and includes:

- Details of services provided
- Laboratory contact details and opening hours
- Instructions for completing sample and request form information
- Arrangements for transporting samples to the laboratory
- Point of care testing
- Repertoire of tests and sample requirements

3. Where to find us

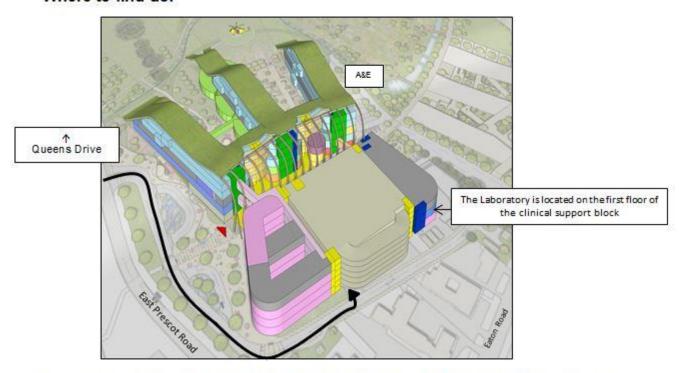
Biochemistry Department Alder Hey Children's Hospital Eaton Road Liverpool L12 2AP

The laboratory is situated on the first floor of the main hospital building and can be accessed via the entrance at the side of the lecture theatre, at the end of the mezzanine (above WH Smith). All visitors should report to the reception desk.

External visitors to the laboratory should exit the atrium via the rotating doors next to WHSmith. There is an intercom button that connects to specimen reception next to the double doors to the right.

Please note that phlebotomy is carried out within the Outpatients department, not at the laboratory.

Where to find us:



The entrance to the multi-story visitor car park is located off East Prescot Road.

4. Key Contacts

Head of Department	Catherine Collingwood	0151 252 5598
Lead Biomedical Scientist	Joanne Rudkin	0151 252 5561
Quality Manager	Laura Kiely	0151 252 5486
Duty Biochemist	Interpretation & advice	0151 252 5486 duty.biochemist@alderhey.nhs.uk dutybiochemist.alderhey@nhs.net

Clinical Scientists				
Catherine Collingwood	Consultant Clinical Scientist	0151 252 5598		
Darren Powell	Consultant Clinical Scientist	0151 252 5486		
Suzanne Armitage	Principal Clinical Scientist	0151 282 4739		
	Senior Clinical Scientist	0151 252 5486		
	Senior Clinical Scientist	0151 252 5486		
Biomedical Scientists				
Joanne Rudkin	Lead Biomedical Scientist	0151 252 5561		
Andy Hodgkinson Louise Simpson	Senior Biomedical Scientists (Routine Biochemistry)	0151 252 5488		
Debbie Riley Lis Smith	Senior Biomedical Scientists (Metabolic Biochemistry)	0151 252 5487		
Paul Coakley	Senior Biomedical Scientist (Newborn Screening)	0151 252 5489		

5. Laboratory Opening Hours

The laboratory is open 24 hours per day, seven days per week. However outside of normal working hours (Monday to Friday 0900h – 1730h) a restricted range of tests is available.

6. Making requests

All samples must be accompanied by a completed request form. Requests for inpatients should be made via Meditech where possible. If Meditech is unavailable a paper downtime form must be used. Both the sample and the request <u>must</u> contain a minimum of the following information:

- Full name of the patient (or Baby, Twin One/Two, Triplet One/Two/Three etc. if forenames have not been given)
- Date of Birth
- Hospital number or NHS number

Please also provide:

- Date and time of sample collection
- Gender
- Name and contact details of the requesting doctor
- Name of the person collecting the sample
- Location (ward/department) to which results are to be sent.
- Sample type
- Tests requested
- Clinical details including any medication

Clinical details and the patient's age are particularly important in paediatric requesting so that laboratory staff may:

- Understand the reason for the request
- Interpret the results appropriately
- Consider the need for further investigations
- Advise and assist the clinical staff concerning the results obtained.

The information on the sample and request form must be compatible.

Consent

It is the responsibility of the requesting clinician to obtain consent for the collection of specimens. For certain tests (e.g., genetic testing) written consent may be required in addition to the request form.

High Risk Samples

High risk samples must be double bagged and identified with a biohazard sticker on both the sample and request from. Medical staff must indicate on the request form if the sample to be sent to the laboratory might carry a risk of Category 3 infection.

7. Transport of samples

Samples should be transported to the laboratory as soon as possible after collection. Please contact the Duty Biochemist for information on appropriate sample storage if samples are to be stored prior to transport to the laboratory.

7.1 Within the hospital

Samples collected within the hospital should be transported to the laboratory via the air tube system or delivered to the laboratory reception by hand. Samples transported on foot should be transported in an opaque red specimen transport box.

7.2 Samples transported from external sites

Routine diagnostic samples should be transported in sealed specimen containers, covered with absorbent material in sufficient quantity to absorb the contents of the container(s), and placed inside a plastic specimen bag which in turn is placed inside rigid, opaque packaging in line with UN3373 regulations. When multiple sample containers are placed in

single secondary packaging, they should either be individually wrapped in absorbent material or separated to prevent contact between them. Sample packages should be labelled with the UN3373 symbol. The package should also be labelled with the words "Diagnostic Specimen" and the name and address of the referring laboratory.

UN 3373

Category A infectious substances

Please note that Category A infectious substances are assigned to UN 2814 regulations and must be packaged in accordance with UN Packaging Instructions Pl620 (road/ rail) or Pl602 (air). Further information is available via the Health and Safety Executive website.

Where specimens are transported frozen on dry ice, the dry ice must be placed outside the plastic specimen bag and packages clearly identified with a dry ice identification symbol:



If samples are transported in wet ice, the ice must be placed outside the plastic specimen bag and the packaging must be leak-proof.

Please also enclose a completed request form including:

Full name of patient

- Date of Birth
- Name and location of requesting clinician
- Tests requested
- Clinical details including details of any medication

8. Acceptance Criteria

Samples that do not meet the minimum acceptance criteria for labelling outlined in section 6 will be rejected. The sample will be discarded and Meditech will be updated to reflect that the sample was unsuitable for analysis. An incident will be created by the laboratory.

Samples that are not transported in a timely fashion or under the wrong temperature conditions, as described in section 16 for each test, will be analysed. A comment will be appended to the report stating how test results may be affected or whether a repeat sample may be required.

Samples that are received into the laboratory with insufficient sample to complete all analyses requested will be reviewed by an HCPC registered scientist. A decision will be made based on the clinical details regarding what tests can be analysed. A comment will be entered into Meditech against all those tests that could not be analysed. (QNS- quantity not sufficient)

9. Protection of Personal Data and Information

Personal data and information on request forms is required in order for the laboratory to operate and may be stored on laboratory computer files. The intent of the laboratories is to ensure that any personal data and information is treated lawfully and in accordance with the NHS requirements concerning confidentiality and information security standards. To this end we fully endorse and adhere to the Trust Data Protection Policy, the requirements of which are primarily based upon the Data Protection Act 2018 which is the key piece of legislation covering security and confidentiality of personal information.

10. Services Provided

10.1 Routine Biochemistry

The routine section of the laboratory provides a service to inpatients and outpatients at Alder Hey and is equipped with state of the art automated analytical instruments. The section is manned at all times. The results of most routine tests are available within 24 hours and are routinely transmitted electronically to within the hospital and to GP surgeries.

10.2 Metabolic Biochemistry

We also provide a specialist Metabolic Biochemistry service for the diagnosis and monitoring of patients with inborn errors of metabolism. It is important that requests for the investigation of inborn errors of metabolism are accompanied by adequate clinical information including medication being taken at the time of sample collection. If the relevant clinical information is detailed, the laboratory should be contacted by letter or telephone.

10.3 Newborn Screening

The laboratory screens for a range of 9 conditions (see Newborn Screening web page). Dried blood spot samples should be collected on day 5 of life, day 0 being the birth date for the neonate. In mitigating circumstances samples can be collected between days 6 and 8. Results are transmitted electronically to the appropriate Child Health Record Department for entry into the Child Health Computer and checking against birth lists. Positive cases are referred for further investigation and treatment as appropriate.

Please find the internal Newborn Screening Handbook at www.alderhey.nhs.uk/services/laboratory-medicine/

Further up to date information on newborn screening for patients and health care professionals is available via the <u>UK Newborn Screening Programme Centre</u> website.

10.4 Point of Care Testing (POCT)

Laboratory staff are available to provide advice on the operation of equipment that is used on the ward or at home for biochemical testing e.g. blood gas analysers and glucose meters. Advice is provided regarding methodology and limitations of the tests, patient preparation, interpretation, training, support, troubleshooting, quality assurance, risk management, health and safety and infection control.

When considering the use or purchase of POCT equipment, please contact the department for advice. It is essential that there is the closest possible liaison with the laboratory relating to all aspects of Point of Care testing in order that the best possible results are achieved.

11. Clinical advice and interpretation

Advice on the planning and interpretation of biochemical investigations is available at all times. Between Monday and Friday 0900h to 1730h please contact the Duty Biochemist (0151-252-5486, Ext 2486). Outside of these times the on-call Clinical Scientist consultant can be contacted via the hospital switchboard (0151-228-4811).

12. Turnaround times

Results for the majority of routine tests are available within 24 hours. Results are transmitted electronically to wards and GP surgeries. Many of the metabolic tests offered by the laboratory are complex and turnaround times are therefore generally significantly longer than for routine tests. However, we are always happy to prioritise analyses if appropriate. If a metabolic test is required urgently, please contact the Duty Biochemist

(0151 252 5486) during normal working hours, or the Biochemist on call (via the hospital switchboard 0151 228 4811) outside of normal working hours.

13. Quality

We have an established quality management system and aim to continually improve the service that we provide. The Biochemistry department is a UKAS accredited medical laboratory, No. 9091.

The quality of laboratory results is ensured by internal quality control procedures and assured by participation in external quality assessment (inter-laboratory comparison) schemes. All reports issued by the department are clinically validated by a <u>HCPC</u> registered Clinical Scientist. Previous results for each patient are reviewed to determine whether results represent a new clinically urgent situation, and interpretive comments are added as necessary. Significantly abnormal results that require clinical action are telephoned to the requesting doctor.

14. Common interferences

Users should be aware that samples collected by capillary puncture from children are more prone to interference than samples collected by venipuncture in adults. The most common interferences are haemolysis, lipaemia and jaundice. All samples are routinely checked for the common interferences and the affected tests are indicated on the final report. Haemolysis commonly occurs as a result of damage to cells during capillary blood sampling and potassium results are falsely increased in haemolysed samples. Delays of more than a few hours in sample transport to the laboratory can also result in erroneous results for some analytes, e.g. potassium and glucose.

15. Requesting additional investigations

Freshly collected samples are preferred for analysis however the majority of routine samples are stored at -20°C for approximately 1 week after receipt in the laboratory. The availability to add further tests to a sample will depend on the sample type, volume of sample available and stability of the analyte requested. The tests included in the table below are known to be unstable and cannot be added after the indicated time period.

Test	Time limit for additional request
Bicarbonate	24 hours
Bilirubin	6 hours
PTH	8 hours
Complement C3	3 days
Immunoglobulin A	1 week
Immunoglobulin G	1 week
Immunoglobulin M	1 week
Procalcitonin	48 hours

As of 12/03/24, the laboratory has moved to an electronic process for the request of additional 'add-on' tests for both Biochemical and Hematological investigations for all Alder

Hey ward based requests. Additional tests can now be ordered directly from within the Meditech test catalogue by searching for and selecting the 'Biochemistry add-on' test.

This new process involves completing a brief form to the capture the details of the required extra test(s) and the original specimen. No additional specimen labels are required.

The lab will electronically receive the 'add-on' request, action it, and issue a 'result' that indicates if the request was successfully completed, or a reason if not such as 'specimen insufficient'.

A simple ward guide outlining the new procedure can be found on the trust DMS document site in the 'Medicine->Lab Medicine' subsection, in addition to the Lab iPassport document system (Ref: <u>Blood Sciences 2213</u>)

The lab will cease to accept verbal add-on tests from Alder Hey ward locations by the 1st of April, with the exception of during Meditech downtime and other IT outages.

For service users unbale to access the Alder Hey Meditech system, additional tests can be requested by contacting the laboratory (0151 252 5488 or internal extension 2488).

A completed paper request form for the additional test(s) will be required before further analysis can take place. The written request should contain full patient demographic information, the additional tests required and the identity of the requester.

16. Suggestions, problems and complaints

In order to improve the service you receive from the laboratory, it is helpful to us if you keep us informed of any laboratory-related problems which have been detrimental to good clinical practice.

As the user of the service, you may be able to offer suggestions about our procedures, requirements for new services or changes in practice which may be helpful to you. Please direct comments to the Quality Manager or the appropriate Consultant. Regular User Group meetings for laboratory users within the Trust and for GPs are held to ensure that the requirements of users of our service are met by obtaining feedback and recommendations on quality improvements. For details of the User Group meetings please contact Julie Roberts (julie.roberts@alderhey.nhs.uk). The GP representative for the Laboratory User Group is Dr Rob Barnett (rob.barnett@liverpool-lmc.org.uk).

We aim to provide the very best service, but unfortunately we may not always get it right and sometimes things go wrong. It is important that we are informed about problems with our service as soon as possible. Please contact the Head of Department, preferably by direct visit or telephone as soon as an issue is identified. In the absence of the Head of Department, refer the matter to another member of staff and write to either the Head of Department or the Quality Manager. Patient queries and concerns can be addressed via the Trust Patient Advice Liaison Forum (PALS, pals@alderhey.nhs.uk, 0151 252 5374). Formal complaints can be made via the Trust Complaints Service (complaints@alderhey.nhs.uk)

Wherever possible the matter will be dealt with on the same day but not all issues can be resolved immediately, and some may be more serious or require a longer period of investigation and assessment within the department. Details of all complaints are recorded and reviewed at our monthly Laboratory Medicine Governance Committee meetings. If a written complaint is received, a written reply will be provided.

17. Repertoire and sample requirements

Sample Type / Container:

The sample type required for each test is listed along with the required specimen container. Various specimen bottles are available. In most cases only small amounts of blood (<1.5mL) are required, and a small 1.3 ml tube can be used. For the majority of routine tests it is possible to use either a Lithium Heparin (orange top) or a clotted sample (plain tube). However for some tests only clotted (plain) samples give reliable results. For some tests special preservatives or ultra-clean tubes must be used. If several investigations are being undertaken please use an appropriate number of small sample bottles or use the large bottles. The proportion of plasma recovered from a large tube is often less than can be recovered from two small tubes. For sample volumes < 2.5 mL it is preferable to use two of the small tubes.

Profiles:

It is usually advantageous to request profiles of test to maximise use of small sample volumes. The following groups of tests can be requested as profiles. The minimum sample volumes for profiles of tests are given below but it is always helpful for us to receive additional blood in case of technical problems.

Profile	Analytes	Volume
Bone	Calcium, Adjusted Calcium, Phosphate, Alkaline Phosphatase, Magnesium, Albumin	0.5 ml
Lipid	Total Cholesterol, Triglyceride, LDL, HDL	1.0 ml
Liver Function Tests (LFT)	Total Bilirubin, Alkaline Phosphatase, AST, ALT, Albumin, Total Protein	0.5 ml
Thyroid	TSH, Free T4	1.3 ml
Urea and Electrolytes	Sodium, Potassium, Chloride, Bicarbonate, Anion Gap, Urea, Creatinine	0.5 ml

Reference Range Terminology:

The reference ranges are those applied at Alder Hey and do not necessarily apply to other laboratories. Others are obtained from the literature. Reference ranges are traditionally 95% limits i.e. 2.5% of normal individuals will have results above the upper limit and 2.5% will have results below the lower limit.

Age categories of Reference Ranges:

Some of our ranges are specific to a general category of paediatric patient:

NeonateUnder 28 daysInfant28 days to 1 year.Child1 year to 14 years

The alphabetical list of tests below includes information on the type of sample container, volume of sample required, any special collection conditions, and reference ranges. The quoted reference ranges are those which are on the laboratory computer systems so that in general appropriate age-related reference ranges are provided with the report.

Samples referred to other laboratories

If a test that is not offered at Alder Hey is required, we may need to send samples to other laboratories. Results from external laboratories are returned to Alder Hey laboratory and are entered into the Alder Hey patient record. A list of the referral laboratories that we use is available on the Laboratory section of the Alder Hey website www.alderhey.nhs.uk/labmedicine

Test ACTH	
Sample type	EDTA
Sample volume	1 mL
Special requirements	9am sample preferred Send sample to the lab on ice immediately after phlebotomy.
Turnaround time 3 – 5 working days	
Reference range	9am sample : 2 – 11 pmol/L
Source of reference range	1

Test	Acylcarnitines
Sample type	Blood spot
Sample volume	2 spots
Special requirements	Clinical details (such as fasting status, hypoglycaemia and relevant drug history) must be provided with all metabolic requests.
Turnaround time	5 working days
Reference range	Qualitative report

Test	Adrenaline	
Sample type	Random urin	e or 24 hour urine collected into bottle containing acid
Sample volume	3 mL if rando	m sample
Special requirements	Random samples must arrive at the laboratory within 30 minutes of collection (please inform laboratory staff when sending a sample)	
Turnaround time	5 working day	ys .
	0 – 1 year	<0.23 umol/mmol creatinine
	1- 2 years	<0.05 umol/mmol creatinine
Reference range	3 – 4 years	<0.05 umol/mmol creatinine
	5 – 10 years	<0.06 umol/mmol creatinine
	>11 years	<0.04 umol/mmol creatinine
Source of reference range	2	

Test	Alpha fetoprotein (AFP)
Sample type	Plain
Sample volume	0.5 mL
Special requirements	
Turnaround time	1 working day
Reference range	See Appendix 1
Source of reference	3, 4
range	0, 4

Test	ALT (Alanine Amino Transferase)	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin	
Sample volume		
Special requirements	Included in liver pro	file
Turnaround time	24 hours	
	0 - 1 month	9 – 44 IU/L
Potoronoo rongo	>1month - 6 years	9 – 36 IU/L
Reference range	6 - 14 years	8 – 36 IU/L
	> 14 years	<40 IU/L
Source of reference range	5	

Test	Albumin	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin	
Sample volume		
Special requirements	Included in bone	profile
Turnaround time	24 hours	
	0 – 2 months	30 – 45 g/L
	>2 months - 5 years	37 – 53 g/L
Poforonoo rongo	5 – 8 years	40 – 56 g/L
Reference range	8 – 14 years	38 – 58 g/L
	14 – 16 years	40 – 60 g/L
	>16 years	35 – 55 g/L
Source of reference range	6	

Test	Albumin:Creatinine ratio (ACR)
Sample type	Urine
Sample volume	1 mL
Special requirements	
Turnaround time	24 hours
Reference range	In adults proteinuria defined as ACR >30 mg/mmol (significant proteinuria >70), with levels ~3mg/mmol indicating microalbuminuria in diabetics.
Source of reference range	

Test	Alkaline Phosphatase (A	ALP)		
Sample type	Lithium Heparin			
Sample volume				
Special requirements	Included in bone and live	Included in bone and liver profile		
Turnaround time	24 hours			
	0 – 7 Days	70 – 345 IU/L		
	8 day – 3 months	93 – 680 IU/L		
Reference Range	>3 months – 6 months 92 – 758 IU/L		58 IU/L	
	>6months - 1 year	⊳6months – 1 year 98 – 562 IU/L		
	>1 year – 18 months	97 – 3	60 IU/L	
		Female	Male	
	>18 months – 9 years	87 – 323 IU/L		
	>18 months – 10 years		87 – 323 IU/L	
	>9 - 11 years	93 – 367 IU/L		
	>10 - 12 years		70 – 360 IU/L	
	>11 - 12 years	89 – 408 IU/L		
	>12 - 13 years	77 – 362 IU/L	91 – 405 IU/L	
	>13-14 years	67 – 293 IU/L	82 – 442 IU/L	
	>14-15 years	55 – 185 IU/L	77 – 410 IU/L	
	>15-16 years	46 – 144 IU/L	63 – 316 IU/L	
	>16 years	38 – 123 IU/L		
	>16 - 18 years		55 – 236 IU/L	
	>18 years	38 – 1	23 IU/L	
Source of reference range	41			

Test	Amikacin
Sample type	Lithium Heparin
Sample volume	0.5 mL
	Follow Alder Hey aminoglycoside guideline for appropriate dosing and monitoring:
Special requirements	Alder Hey aminoglycoside guideline
Turnaround time	24 hours
	Patients with normal renal function
Therapeutic range	Pre-dose level (taken 2-3h before the next dose is due) < 5 mg/L
	Patients with pre-existing renal impairment
	Pre-dose level (taken within 24h after a dose is given) <5 mg/L
Source of reference range	42

Test	Amino acids
Sample type	Lithium Heparin
Sample volume	1 mL
Special requirements	Fasting sample preferred. Clinical details (such as fasting status, hypoglycaemia and relevant drug history) must be provided with all metabolic requests.
Turnaround time	10 working days
Reference range	See Appendix
Source of reference range	8

Test	Amino acids
Sample type	Urine (NOT acidified)
Sample volume	1 mL
Special requirements	Clinical details (such as fasting status, hypoglycaemia and relevant drug history) must be provided with all metabolic requests.
Turnaround time	10 working days
Reference range	See Appendix
Source of reference range	8

Test	Amino acids
Sample type	CSF
Sample volume	0.5 mL
Special requirements	Please send with plasma sample collected at the same time. Clinical details (such as fasting status, hypoglycaemia and relevant drug history) must be provided with all metabolic requests.
Turnaround time	10 working days
Reference range	See Appendix
Source of reference range	8

Test	Ammonia	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin	
Sample volume	0.5 ml	
Special requirements	Venous or freely flowing sample needed Transport to laboratory on ice. Separate within 15 minutes of phleboton	, , ,
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Reference range	Preterm neonate	<150 umol/L
	Term neonate	<100 umol/L
	Infant / child	<40 umol/L
Source of reference range	58	

Test	Amylase
Sample type	Lithium Heparin
Sample volume	0.5 mL
Special requirements	Any high results should be checked on a VENOUS sample due to potential for contamination from saliva.
Turnaround time	24 hours
Reference range	16 – 108 IU/L
Source of reference range	

Test	Amylase
Sample type	Urine
Sample volume	0.5 mL
Special requirements	
Turnaround time	24 hours
Reference range	1 – 17 U/h (Adult range)
Source of reference range	Manufacturers ranges (Abbott)

Test	Antibiotics
Sample type	Lithium Heparin
Sample volume	0.5 mL
Special requirements	Please indicate whether peak (post-dose) or trough (pre-dose) level and whether on once daily, neonatal or renal regime and whether patient has cystic fibrosis
Turnaround time	24 hours
Reference range	
Source of reference range	42

Test	Anion Gap
Sample type	Lithium Heparin
Sample volume	0.5mL
Special requirements	Calculated as part of U&E [(Na + K) – (Cl + HCO ₃)]
Turnaround time	24 hours
Reference range	4 – 16 mmol/L
Source of reference	
range	

Test	AST (Aspartate Amino Transferase)
Sample type	Lithium Heparin
Sample volume	
Special requirements	Part of liver profile
Turnaround time	24 hours
Reference range	0 – 1 month 23 – 73 IU/L
	1 month- 6 years 15 - 58 IU/L
	6 – 14 years 12 – 41 IU/L
	>14 years <37 IU/L
Source of reference range	

Test	Beta-Hydroxybutyrate (3-hydroxybutyrate)	
Sample type	Plain	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Special requirements	If possible, sample should be collected whilst the patient is hypoglycaemic (plasma glucose <2.6 mmol/L). Samples should be transported to the laboratory on ice as soon as possible.	
Turnaround time	2 weeks	
Reference range	During hypoglycaemia (Plasma glucose < 2.6 mmol/L) 1500 – 3000 umol/L	
	Post-prandial Can be as low as 25 umol/L	
	For more information regarding result interpretation, refer to the MetBioNet Best Practice Guidelines for the investigation of hypoglycaemia in infants and children (www.metbio.net/metbioguidelines.asp)	
Source of reference range	44	

Test	Bicarbonate	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin	
Sample volume	0.5mL	
Special requirements	Included in U&E. There is significant loss of bicarbonate when the blood occupies less than half of the volume of the tube (30% decrease within 30 minutes and 40% decrease after 2 hours.	
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Reference range	0 – 7 days	18 – 27 mmol/L
	7 days – 2 months	19 – 27 mmol/L
	>2 months – 2 years	16 – 24 mmol/L
	>2 years	18 – 29 mmol/L
Source of reference range		

Test	Bilirubin – total	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin	
Sample volume	1 ml	
Special requirements		
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Reference range	Neonate	Depends on age and gestational age of baby (see NICE Guideline for jaundice in newborn babies under 28 days, www.nice.org.uk/guidance/cg98/evidence
	Child	<15 umol/L
	Adult	<15 umol/L
Source of reference range	45 (Neonate guidelines)	

Test	Bilrubin – conjugated
Sample type	Lithium Heparin
Sample volume	1 ml
Special requirements	
Turnaround time	24 hours
Reference range	<10 umol/L
Source of reference	
range	

Test	Blood Gases			
Sample type	Capillary Gas tube			
Sample volume	0.2 mL			
Special requirements	Sample must be delivered to the laboratory immediately following collection. Blood gas samples must not be transported in the pod as results can be affected.			
Turnaround time	10 minutes			
	nU	Neonate	7.31 – 7.47	
	pH	Child	7.35 – 7.45	
	Base Excess	Neonate	-2.5 to +2.5 mmol/L	
		Child	-2 to +2 mmol/L	
	pCO ₂	Neonate	3.8 – 6.5 kPa	
Reference range		Child	4.7 – 6.0 kPa	kPa – mmHa v 0 133
	pO ₂	Neonate	4.3 – 8.2 kPa	kPa = mmHg x 0.133
		Child	10.7 – 14.0 kPa	
	Standard Bicarbonate	Neonate	18 – 26 mmol/L	
		Child	22 – 26 mmol/L	
	Lactate		0.7 – 2.1 mmol/L	
Source of reference range	30, 65			

Test	Bone profile
Sample type	Lithium Heparin
Sample volume	1 mL
Turnaround time	24 hours
Reference range	See individual tests
Source of reference	

range		
Test	C3	
Sample type	Plain (EDTA unsuitable)	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Turnaround time	24 hours	
	Cord blood	0.59 – 1.21 g/L
	1 month	0.55 – 1.28 g/L
	2 months	0.61 – 1.55 g/L
	3 months	0.66 – 1.36 g/L
	4 months	0.64 – 1.82 g/L
	5 months	0.66 – 1.74 g/L
Reference range	6 months	0.76 – 1.78 g/L
Reference range	7 – 10 months	0.78 – 1.73 g/L
	11 months	0.76 – 1.87 g/L
	12 months	0.87 – 1.81 g/L
	2 years	0.84 – 1.76 g/L
	3 years	0.80 – 1.78 g/L
	4 – 5 years	0.89 – 1.73 g/L
	6 – 8 years	0.91 – 1.61 g/L
	9 -10 years	0.92 – 2.03 g/L
	10 – 12 years	1.10 – 1.98 g/L
	12 – 14 years	1.04 – 1.92 g/L
	14 – 18 years	0.90 – 1.88 g/L
	Adult	0.86 – 1.84 g/L
Source of reference range	9, 10, 11	

Test	C4	
Sample type	Plain	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Turnaround time	24 hours	
	Cord blood	0.09 – 0.30 g/L
	1 month	0.09 – 0.33 g/L
	2 months	0.10 – 0.37 g/L
	3 months	0.10 – 0.35 g/L
	4 months	0.11 – 0.50 g/L
	5 months	0.09 – 0.47 g/L
	6 months	0.11 – 0.55 g/L
	7 – 10 months	0.12 – 0.48 g/L
	11 months	0.16 – 0.51 g/L
Reference range	12 months	0.16 – 0.52 g/L
	2 years	0.12 – 0.44 g/L
	3 years	0.13 – 0.47 g/L
	4 – 5 years	0.17 – 0.42 g/L
	6 – 8 years	0.16 – 0.42 g/L
	9 -10 years	0.13 – 0.52 g/L
	10 – 12 years	0.19 – 0.56 g/L
	12 – 14 years	0.18 – 0.46 g/L
	14 – 18 years	0.18 – 0.42 g/L
	Adult	0.19 – 0.59 g/L
Source of reference	10, 11, 12	

range

Test	Calprotectin	
Sample type	Faeces	
Sample volume	Walnut sized	
Special requirements	Stool samples should be stored frozen within 3 days of collection. Faecal calprotectin levels are known to increase with more than 3 days' storage at room temperature.	
Turnaround time	5 working days	
Reference range	<50 ug/g	
Source of reference range	Manufacturers ranges (Phadia AB, Uppsala, Sweden)	

Test	Caeruloplasmin		
Sample type	Teklab trace metal free tube (Request also includes copper). If Teklab tubes are unavailable an alternative serum/plain tube may be accepted.		
Sample volume	0.5 mL		
Special requirements			
Turnaround time	5 working days		
	0 – <2 months	0.07 – 0.24 g/L	
	2 – <6 months	0.14 – 0.33 g/L	
	6 months - <1 year	0.14 – 0.39 g/L	
Reference range	1 – <8 years	0.22 – 0.43 g/L	
	8 - <14 years	0.21 – 0.40 g/L	
	14 - <19 years Male	0.17 – 0.35 g/L	
	14 - <19 years Female	0.21 – 0.43 g/L	
Source of reference range	59		

Test	Calcium (included in bone profile)			
Sample type	Lithium Hepari	Lithium Heparin		
Sample volume				
Special requirements				
Turnaround time	24 hours			
Reference range	0 – 1 week	1.75 – 2.99 mmol/L	Adjusted Calcium :	
	1 week – 2 y	2.20 – 2.79 mmol/L	For albumin <40 g/L = measured Ca + 0.02(40 - albumin)	
	2 – 16 y	2.15 – 2.74 mmol/L	For albumin >40 g/L = measured Ca –	
	>16 y	2.25 – 2.74 mmol/L	0.02(albumin - 40)	
Source of reference range				

Test	Calcium:creatinine ratio		
Sample type	Urine		
Sample volume	1 mL		
	For investigation of Familial Hypocalciuric Hypercalcaemia (FHH) calculate Calcium:Creatinine clearance ratio:		
Special requirements	Ca:Cr clearance ratio = [Urine Ca x Plasma Cr] / [Plasma Ca x Urine Cr]		
	Ratio <0.01 is suggestive of FHH Ratio >0.02 suggestive of Primary Hyperparathyroidism		
Turnaround time	24 hours		
	Pre-term neonate	2.20 ± 1.74 mmol/mmol Creatinine	
	Full term neonate	0.46 ± 1.73 mmol/mmol Creatinine	
	< 1 year <1.5 mmol/mmol Creatinine		
Reference range 1 – 2 years <1.25 mmol/mmol (<1.25 mmol/mmol Creatinine	
	2 – 5 years	<1.0 mmol/mmol Creatinine	
	5 – 10 years	<0.7 mmol/mmol Creatinine	
	>10 years	<0.6 mmol/mmol Creatinine	
Source of reference range	16		

Test	Carboxyhaemoglobin		
Sample type	Capillary gas tube / Lithium Heparin		
Sample volume	0.2 mL (Capillary sample) If Li/Hep tube, must be full to the top		
Special requirements	If Li/Hep tube, must be full to the top		
Turnaround time	10 minutes		
Reference range	<2 %		
Source of reference range	66		

Test	Carnitine		
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain		
Sample volume	1 mL		
Special requirements			
Turnaround time	10 working days		
Reference range	15 – 53 umol/L		
Source of reference	17		
range	11		

Test	Catecholamines		
Sample type	24 hour urine collected into bottle containing acid or random urine		
Sample volume	3 mL if random urine		
Special requirements	Random samples must arrive at the laboratory within 30 minutes of collection (please inform laboratory staff when sending a sample)		
Turnaround time	5 working days		
Reference range	See adrenaline, noradrenaline, dopamine		
Source of reference			
range			

Test	Chloride (included in U&E profile)		
Sample type	Lithium Heparin		
Sample volume	0.5mL		
Special requirements			
Turnaround time	24 hours		
Reference range	100 – 110 mmol/L		
Source of reference			
range			

Test	Cholesterol		
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain		
Sample volume	0.5 mL		
Special requirements			
Turnaround time	24 hours		
	Newborn	1.1 – 2.6 mmol/L	
	6 months	2.3 – 4.9 mmol/L	
Reference range	1 year	2.5 – 4.9 mmol/L	
	2 – 14 years	3.1 – 5.4 mmol/L	
	Adult	3.1 – 6.5 mmol/L	
Source of reference range	18		

Test	Coeliac Disease screen (TTG)		
Sample type	Plain		
Sample volume	1 mL		
Special requirements	Testing for coeliac disease is accurate only if the patient has a gluten containing diet for a minimum of 6 weeks before testing. Sample haemolysis (H index >1) may lead to a falsely low TTG concentration.		
Turnaround time	7 working days		
	Negative	0 – 7 U/mL	
Reference range	Equivocal	7 – 10 U/mL	
	Positive	>10 U/mL	
Source of reference range	68, 69		

Test	Copper			
Sample type	Teklab trace metal free tube. If Teklab tubes are unavailable an alternative serum/plain tube may be accepted.			
Sample volume	1 mL	1 mL		
Special requirements				
Turnaround time	5 working days			
Reference range	0-4 months 1.4 – 7.2 umol/L 4 - <6 months 3.9 – 17.3 umol/L 6 months - <9 years 11.1 – 27.4 umol/L 9 - <13 years 11.2 – 23.7 13 - <19 years 9.1 – 22.5 umol/L			
Source of reference range	7, 19			

Test	Copper			
Sample type	Urine			
Sample volume	Random sample (5 mL)	or 24 hour collection		
Special requirements				
Turnaround time	5 working days			
Method	Platform: ThermoFischer Scientific iCAP- Q ICP-MS Method: Inductively-Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometry (ICP-MS)			
	Child	<0.7 umol/24 hours		
Reference range	<0.9 umol/L			
	After penicillamine	<25 umol/24 hours		
Source of reference range	72			

Test	Cortisol		
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain		
Sample volume	0.5 mL		
Special requirements	9am sample preferred. Diurnal variation with higher ranges in the morning.		
Turnaround time	1 working day		
	9am 140	– 500 nmol/L	
Reference range	Midnight <50 nmol/L		
Source of reference range	47		

Test	C-Peptide		
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain		
Sample volume	0.5 mL		
Special requirements	Samples should be obtained when the patient is hypoglycaemic (blood glucose <2.6 mmol/L) or fasting. A sample for glucose collected at the same time is required for interpretation of results. Samples must be transported to the lab on ice		
Turnaround time	4 working days		
Reference range	190 – 900 pmol/L		
Source of reference range	1		

Test	Creatinine (included in U&E profile)			
Sample type	Lithium Heparin			
Sample volume	0.5 mL			
Special requirements				
Turnaround time	24 hours			
	<14 days		29 – 94 umol/L	
	14 days - <2 n	nonths	19 – 79 umol/L	
	2 months - <4	years	20 – 52 umol/L	
	4 - <6 years		27 – 57 umol/L	
	6 - <8 years		29 – 61 umol/L	
	8 - <10 years		35 – 66 umol/L	
D. (10 - <12 years		38 – 71 umol/L	
Reference range	12 – 14 years Male	Male	44 – 81 umol/L	
		Female	40 – 80 umol/L	
	14 – 16 years	Male	51 – 104 umol/L	
		Female	47 – 88 umol/L	
	>16 years	Male	46 – 102 umol/L	
	Female		49 – 81 umol/L	
Source of reference range	20			

Test	Creatine Kinase (Creatine Phosphokinase)		
Sample type	Lithium Heparin		
Sample volume	1 mL		
Special requirements			
Turnaround time	24 hours		
	Adults 24 – 195 IU/L		
Reference range	May be higher in the first few months of life. Spurious increase due to muscular injection, exercise or seizures (muscle spasm)		
Source of reference			
range			

Test	CRP	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin	
Sample volume	1 mL	
Special requirements		
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Reference range	0 – 8 mg/L	
Source of reference		
range		

Test	CSF Glucose			
Sample type	Fluoride			
Sample volume	0.5 mL			
Special requirements	Blood sample for glucose should be collected at the same time			
Turnaround time	24 hours			
Reference range	CSF glucose should be approximately 60% of plasma levels. A CSF/plasma ratio <0.66 may be significant.			
Source of reference range				

Test	CSF Protein
Sample type	Plain
Sample volume	0.5 mL
Special requirements	
Turnaround time	24 hours
	0 – 2 months 0.2 – 1.1 g/L
Reference range	2 – 4 months 0.1 – 0.8 g/L
	>4 months 0.1 – 0.4 g/L
Source of reference	64
range	04

Test	CSF Lactate	
Sample type	Fluoride	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Special requirements		
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Reference range	1.11 – 2.81 mmol/L	
Source of reference		
range		

Test	Dopamine		
Sample type	Urine		
Sample volume	3 mL random sample or 24 hour urine collected into bottle containing acid		
Special requirements	Random samples must arrive at the laboratory within 30 minutes of collection (please inform laboratory staff when sending a sample)		
Turnaround time	5 working days		
Reference range	0 – 1 year	<1.8 umol/mmol	
	1- 2 years	<1.5 umol/mmol	
	3 – 4 years	<0.9 umol/mmol	
	5 – 10 years	<0.8 umol/mmol	
	>11 years	<0.7 umol/mmol	
Source of reference range	2		

Test	Ethanol (alcohol)
Sample type	Lithium Heparin
Sample volume	1 mL
Special requirements	
Turnaround time	24 hours
Reference range	Peak levels occur 30 – 60 min after ingestion. In adults coma can occur at levels approximately 300 mg/dL.
Source of reference range	

Test	Ferritin		
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain		
Sample volume	1 mL		
Special requirements	Ferritin may be increased due to	acute phase response.	
Turnaround time	24 hours		
	4 days - <15 days	99.6 – 717 ng/mL	
	15 days - <6 months	14 – 647.2 ng/mL	
	6 months - <1 year	8.4 – 181.9 ng/mL	
	1 year - <5 years	5.3 – 99.9 ng/mL	
Poforonoo rongo	5 years - <14 years	13.7 – 78.8 ng/mL	
Reference range			
	14 years – 19 years (Female)	5.5 – 67.4 ng/mL	
	14 years - <16 years (Male)	12.7 – 82.8 ng/mL	
	16 years – 19 years (Male)	11.1 – 171.9 ng/mL	
Source of reference range	59		

Test	Flecainide		
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain		
Sample volume	0.5 mL		
Special requirements			
Turnaround time	5 working days		
Reference range	200 – 800 ug/L Target range is for a trough level. Time taken to reach steady state is >3 days.		
Source of reference range	48		

Test	Folate			
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain			
Sample volume	0.5 mL			
Special requirements				
Turnaround time	24 hours			
Reference range	3.4 – 38.5 nmol/L			
Source of reference range				

Test	Follicle Stimulating Hormone (FSH)			
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain			
Sample volume	0.5 mL	0.5 mL		
Special requirements				
Turnaround time	1 working day			
Reference range	Adult male		2 – 8 IU/L	
	Adult female	Follicular phase	2 – 6 IU/L	
		Mid-cycle	6 – 12 IU/L	
		Luteal phase	1 – 6 IU/L	
Source of reference range	1			

Test	Free Fatty Acids		
Sample type	Plain		
Sample volume	0.5 mL		
Special requirements	Sample should be collected whilst the patient is hypoglycaemic (plasma glucose <2.6 mmol/L). Samples should be transported to the laboratory on ice as soon as possible.		
Turnaround time	2 weeks		
Reference range	500 – 900 umol/L during hypoglycaemia For more information regarding result interpretation, refer to the MetBioNet Best Practice Guidelines for the investigation of hypoglycaemia in infants and children (www.metbio.net/metbioguidelines.asp)		
Source of reference range	44		

Test	Galactose -1-Phosphate Uridyl Transferase (Gal-1-PUT)		
Sample type	Lithium Heparin whole blood (not separated)		
Sample volume	0.5 mL		
Special requirements	Assay is not reliable for 120 days following blood transfusion. Stable for 2 days at 4°C		
Turnaround time	5 working days		
Reference range	Normal	20 – 36 u/g Hb	
	Normal	14 - 20 u/g Hb (Slightly low Gal-1-PUT activity. This may be due to delayed sample transport and is unlikely to be of clinical significance)	
	Gal/Normal	8 – 14 u/g Hb (Excludes classical galactosaemia but may be consistent with a carrier state)	
	Duarte/Normal	4 – 6 u/g Hb	
	Classical Galactosaemia	<4 u/g Hb	
Source of reference range			

Test	Gamma-Glutamyl Tran	sferase (Gamma-GT)
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Special requirements		
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Reference range	0 – 1 month 1 – 2 months 2 – 4 months 4 months – 15 years >16 years	0 – 271 IU/L 0 – 155 IU/L 0 – 93 IU/L 0 – 50 IU/L 11 – 50 IU/L
Source of reference range		

Test	Gentamicin	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin	
Sample volume		
Special requirements	Follow Alder Hey aminoglycoside guideline for appropriate dosing and monitoring: Alder Hey aminoglycoside guideline For 24-36 hourly dosing pre-dose samples should be collected 2-3 hours before the next dose is due. For patients with pre-existing renal impairment samples should be collected with U&E 24 hours after the dose is given. For endocarditis (8 hourly dosing) pre-dose levels should be taken 1 hour before the next dose is due and post dose samples 1 hour after commencing administration of a dose. Please indicate timing of the sample in relation to dose and whether the patient has	
	endocarditis.	
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Therapeutic range	Trough Level (pre-dose) : < 1 mg/L Patients with Endocarditis: Trough Level (pre-dose): <1 mg/L 1 hour post dose: 3 – 5 mg/L	
Source of reference range	42	

Test	Glucose	
Sample type	Fluoride	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Special requirements	Fasting sample preferred. Important to follow the order of draw (see intranet) as glucose tube additive may contaminate Li Heparin samples leading to falsely high potassium results.	
Turnaround time	24 hours	
	Fasting	2.8 – 6.0 mmol/L
Reference range	Random 2.8 – 11.0 mmol/L	
	Random glucose ≥11.1 mmol/ I or fasting glucose ≥7.0 mmol/L with symptoms is diagnostic of Diabetes Mellitus.	
Source of reference range	49	

Test	Glycated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	
Sample type	Fluoride / EDTA / Lithium Heparin	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Special requirements		
Turnaround time	2 working days	
Reference range	Non-Diabetic	20 – 42 mmol/mol
	Target for patients with Diabetes	<48 mmol/mmol
Transfer and Full go	42 mmol/mol=6% DCCT aligned 48 mmol/mol=6.5% DCCT aligned	
Source of reference range	50	

Test	Glycosaminoglycans (GAGs)		
Sample type	Urine		
Sample volume	10 mL		
	Early morning urine sample preferred		
Special requirements	A qualitative report for heparan, dermatan, keratan and chondroitin sulphate (MPS chromatography) is also provided. Chromatography will only be carried out if total GAGs >20mg/L.		
Turnaround time	1 month		
	0 – 5 months	15.2 - 52	
	6 – 12 months	15.1 – 31.4	
	1 year	9.1 - 29.9	
	2 – 3 years	7.7 – 21.3	
Reference range	4 – 5 years	7.6 – 14.4	ma/mmol Creatinine
Reference range	6 – 7 years	5.7 – 12.9	mg/mmol Creatinine
	8 – 9 years	5.2 – 11.6	
	10 – 14 years	3.4 – 10.6	
	15 – 19 years	1.5 – 6.7	
	>20 years	1.5 – 5.1	
Source of reference range	21		

Test	Growth Hormone		
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain		
Sample volume	0.5 mL		
Special requirements	Random Growth Hormone measurement is of limited value. Contact the laboratory for advice Ext 2486, 0151 252 5486.		
Turnaround time	1 working day		
Reference range	No reference range for random levels.		
Source of reference range			

Test	HDL Cholesterol
Sample type	Plain
Sample volume	0.5 mL
Special requirements	
Turnaround time	24 hours
Reference range	>1.17 mmol/L
Source of reference range	18

Test	Homocysteine	
Sample type	Plain / EDTA / Lithium Heparin	
Sample volume	2 mL	
Special requirements	Plasma/Serum should be separated from cells and frozen within 30 minutes of collection. At room temperature homocysteine increases by 5-15% per hour if left on cells. If centrifugation is not possible the increase can be reduced by keeping the sample on ice.	
Turnaround time	10 working days	
Reference range	5 – 14 umol/L	
Source of reference range	22	

Test	Homocystine	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin	
Sample volume	2 mL	
Special requirements	If required as part of the amino acid profile plasma samples must be precipitated with sulphasalicylic acid within 30 minutes of phlebotomy (See Appendix 3) Please contact Biochemistry department Ext 2487, 0151 252 5487	
Turnaround time	10 working days	
	Plasma	Not present
Reference range	Treated homocystinuria <10 umol/L	
	Urine	<2 umol/mmol Creatinine
Source of reference range		

Test	Homovanillic Acid		
Sample type	24 hour urine collected into bottle containing acid or random urine		
Sample volume	3 mL if random urine		
Special requirements	Random samples must arrive at the laboratory within 30 minutes of collection (please inform laboratory staff when sending a sample)		
Turnaround time	5 working days		
	0 – 1 year	<22 umol/mmol creatinine	
	1 – 2 years	<17 umol/mmol creatinine	
Reference range	3 – 4 years	<16 umol/mmol creatinine	
	5 – 10 years	<10 umol/mmol creatinine	
	>11 years	<7.7 umol/mmol creatinine	
Source of reference range	23		

Test	Human Chorionic Gonadotrophin (HCG)
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain
Sample volume	0.5 mL
Special requirements	
Turnaround time	1 working day
Reference range	0 – 10 IU/L
Source of reference range	1

Test	IgE (Total)		
Sample type	Plain / Lithium Heparin		
Sample volume	0.5 mL		
Special requirements			
Turnaround time	7 working days		
	0 – 1 year	0 – 10 kU/L	
	1 – 5 years	0 – 15 kU/L	
Reference range	5 – 10 years	0 – 20 kU/L	
rtorororioo rango	10 years – adult	0 – 30 kU/L	
	Upper limits are median levels below which there is a low probability of atopic disease		
Source of reference			
range			

Test	IgE (Specific Antigens)
Sample type	Plain / Lithium Heparin
Sample volume	0.5 mL
Special requirements	
Turnaround time	7 working days
Reference range	<0.35 KUa/L
Source of reference	
range	

Test	IGF1			
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain			
Sample volume	0.5 mL			
Special requirements				
Turnaround time	1 working day	1 working day		
		Male	Female	
Reference range	0 – 3 years	<2 – 16.8 nmol/L	2.4 – 22.4 nmol/L	
	4 – 6 years	2.9 – 27.0 nmol/L	4.6 – 30.2 nmol/L	
	7 – 9 years	5.2 – 33.2 nmol/L	7.4 – 36.0 nmol/L	
	10 – 11 years	8.9 – 41.1 nmol/L	15.3 – 58.2 nmol/L	
	12- 13 years	18.6 – 65.8 nmol/L	22.1 – 68.5 nmol/L	
	14 – 15 years	23.0 – 65.9 nmol/L	24.8 – 64.5 nmol/L	
	16 – 18 years	22.5 – 65.9 nmol/L	24.7 – 55.8 nmol/L	
Source of reference range	63			

Test	Immunoglobulins (A, G, M)
Sample type	Plain (EDTA unsuitable)
Sample volume	1 mL
Special requirements	
Turnaround time	24 hours
Reference range	See Appendix 5
Source of reference range	

Test	Insulin
Sample type	Plain / Lithium Heparin
Sample volume	1 mL
Special requirements	Samples should be obtained when the patient is hypoglycaemic (blood glucose <2.6mmol/L) or fasting. A sample for glucose should be collected at the same time.
Turnaround time	4 working days
	Detectable insulin (≥14 pmol/L) during hypoglycaemia (plasma glucose <2.6 mmol/L) is suggestive of hyperinsulinism.
	Fasting glucose:insulin ratio ≤4.5 is suggestive of insulin resistance.
	Please note glucose:insulin ratio is calculated from glucose in mg/dL and insulin in mU/L
Source of reference range	25

Test	Iron			
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain			
Sample volume	1 mL	1 mL		
Special requirements	Iron may be decreased due to acute phase response.			
Turnaround time	24 hours			
Reference range		Male	Female	
	10 days - 1 year	3.0 - 20.0 umol/L	4.0 - 19.0 umol/L	
	1 - 3 years	4.0 - 21.0 umol/L	4.0 - 23.0 umol/L	
	3 – 6 years	4.0 - 25.0 umol/L	4.0 - 24.0 umol/L	
	6 – 10 years	5.0 - 25.0 umol/L	4.0 - 24.0 umol/L	
	> 10 years	5.7 - 30.2 umol/L	4.7 - 28.3 umol/L	
Source of reference range	19			

Test	Lactate (Plasma)
Sample type	Fluoride (yellow tube)
Sample volume	1 mL
Special requirements	Transport to laboratory on ice. Sample must be centrifuged within 15 minutes of sample collection.
Turnaround time	24 hours
Reference range	0.7 – 2.1 mmol/L
Source of reference range	

Test	Lactate (CSF)
Sample type	Fluoride (yellow tube)
Sample volume	0.5 mL
Special requirements	
Turnaround time	24 hours
Reference range	1.11 – 2.81 mmol/L
Source of reference range	

Test	Lactate Dehydrogenase	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Special requirements		
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Method	Lactate dehydrogenase forward enzymatic reaction with UV detection.	
Reference range	1 – 3 years	500 – 920 IU/L
	4 – 6 years	470 – 900 IU/I
	7 – 9 years	420 – 750 IU/L
	10 – 11 years	380 – 770 IU/L
	12 – 13 years	380 – 750 IU/L
	14 – 15 years	390 – 730 IU/L
	16 – 19 years	340 – 670 IU/L
	Adult	297 – 537 IU/L
Source of reference	26	
range	20	

Test	LDL Cholesterol	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Special requirements	Not valid for samples with triglyceride >4.5 mmol/L Triglycerides are altered by statin treatment, where the equation significantly underestimates LDL	
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Method	Calculated using Friedwald equation: LDL = total cholesterol - (HDL + (triglycerides / 2.2))	
Reference range	<19 years	<2.85 mmol/L
	>19 years	<3.00 mmol/L
Source of reference range	18	

Test	Lead
Sample type	Whole blood collected into special tube
Sample volume	0.5 mL
Special requirements	Special tube required (manganese tube). Please contact laboratory (Ext 2487)
Turnaround time	3 weeks
Method	Inductively-Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometry (ICP-MS)
Reference range	<0.24 umol/L If blood lead exceeds 2.17 umol/L, the case should be discussed with the National Poisons Information Service (0344 892 0111).
Source of reference range	60

Test	Lipids (Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, LDL, HDL)	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain	
Sample volume	1 mL	
Special requirements	Fasting sample preferred	
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Reference range	For reference ranges see individual tests	
Method	See individual tests	
Source of reference range	18	

Test	Liver Function Tests (ALT / AST / ALP / Bilirubin / Albumin / Total Protein)
Sample type	Lithium Heparin
Sample volume	1 mL
Special requirements	
Turnaround time	24 hours
Method	See individual tests
Reference range	For reference ranges see individual tests
Source of reference range	

Test	Luteinising Hormone (LH)	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Special requirements		
Turnaround time	1 working day	
	Male	2 – 10 U/L
Reference range	Female Follicular Phase Midcycle Luteal Phase	3 – 8 U/L 20 – 80 U/L 1 – 6 U/L
Source of reference		
range		

Test	Macroprolactin
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / plain
Sample volume	0.5 mL
Special requirements	Please request prolactin. Macroprolactin request may be added by the Duty Biochemist following clinical validation if Prolactin >700 mU/L is not explained
Turnaround time	1 week
Method	Solid-phase, two-site sequential chemiluminescent immunometric assay following PEG precipitation
Reference range	Provided with report
Source of reference range	

Test	Magnesium	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Special requirements	Included in bone profile	
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Method	Isocitrate dehydrogenase enzymatic reaction with UV detection	
Reference range	0 – 1 month	0.60 – 1.00 mmol/L
	>1 month	0.70 – 1.00 mmol/L
Source of reference range	67	

Test	Magnesium
Sample type	24 Hour Urine
Sample volume	1 mL
Special requirements	
Turnaround time	24 hours
Method	Isocitrate dehydrogenase enzymatic reaction with UV detection
Reference range	3.3 – 5.0 mmol/24 hours
Source of reference range	

Test	Manganese	
Sample type	Whole blood collected into special tube	
Sample volume	1 mL	
Special requirements	Special tube required. Please contact laboratory (Ext 2487)	
Turnaround time	3 weeks	
Method	Platform: ThermoFischer Scientific iCAP- Q ICP-MS Method: Inductively-Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometry (ICP-MS)	
Reference range	4 – 12 ug/L Toxic >19.8 ug/L	
Source of reference range		

Test	Methaemoglobin
Sample type	Capillary gas tube
Sample volume	Full tube
Special requirements	Sample must be delivered to the laboratory immediately following collection. Samples must not be transported in the pod as results can be affected.
Turnaround time	10 minutes
Reference range	<1.52%
Source of reference range	65

Test	Methotrexate	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain **Collection tubes with separator gel are not recommended**	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Special requirements	Please include the phone number of the requesting ward to enable prompt notification of the result. Specimens collected from patients who have received glucarpidase (carboxypeptidase G2) as a high dose methotrexate rescue therapy should not be tested for at least 48 hours following the last dose of glucarpidase. These specimens have increased concentrations of DAMPA, a methotrexate metabolite which is known to cross-react with the methotrexate antibody used in this assay.	
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Reference range	24 hours post infusion <150 umol/L 42h post infusion <1 umol/L 48h post infusion <0.4 umol/L	
Source of reference range	51	

Test	Mucopolysaccharides
Sample type	Urine
Sample volume	10 mL
Special requirements	Early morning sample preferred
Turnaround time	1 month
Method	Thin layer chromatography
Reference range	See Glycosaminoglycans. A qualitative report for heparan, dermatan, keratan and chondroitin sulphate is provided
Source of reference range	Qualitative report

Test	Non-Esterified Fatty Acids (Free Fatty Acids)
Sample type	Plain
Sample volume	0.5 mL
Special requirements	Sample should be collected whilst the patient is hypoglycaemic (plasma glucose <2.6 mmol/L) and arrive at the laboratory within 2 hours of collection.
Turnaround time	1 month
Reference range	500 – 900 umol/L during hypoglycaemia For further information regarding result interpretation, refer to the MetBioNet Best Practice Guidelines for the investigation of hypoglycaemia in infants and children (www.metbio.net/metbioguidelines.asp)
Source of reference range	44

Test	Noradrenaline	
Sample type	3 mL random sample or 24 hour urine collected into bottle containing acid	
Sample volume	3 mL if random urine	
Special requirements	Random samples must arrive at the laboratory within 30 minutes of collection (please inform laboratory staff when sending a sample)	
Turnaround time	5 working days	
	0 – 1 year	<0.25 umol/mmol creatinine
	1 – 2 years	<0.20 umol/mmol creatinine
Reference range	3 – 4 years	<0.15 umol/mmol creatinine
	5 – 10 years	<0.14 umol/mmol creatinine
	>11 years	<0.11 umol/mmol creatinine
Source of reference range	2	

Test	NT-ProBNP		
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain / EDTA		
Sample volume	0.5 mL		
Turnaround time	24 hours		
Method	Chemiluminescent microparticle immunoassay (CMIA)		
	3 months - <1 year	<460 ng/L	
	1 - <3 years	<350 ng/L	
Reference range	3 - <9 years	<300 ng/L	
	9 - <13 years	<250 ng/L	
	13 – 17 years	<200 ng/L	
	NT-ProBNP levels can be significantly higher in the first few days of life. Limited data is available for infants <3 months but levels at this age are likely to be higher than in older children.		
Source of reference	71		
range			

Test	Oestradiol		
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain		
Sample volume	1.0 mL		
Turnaround time	1 working day		
	Male	0 – 150 pmol/L	
	Female		
Reference range	Follicular phase	70 – 800 pmol/L	
	Mid-cycle	500 – 1200 pmol/L	
	Luteal phase	100 – 500 pmol/L	
Source of reference	1		
range	1		

Test	Oligosaccharides
Sample type	Urine
Sample volume	20 mL
Special requirements	
Turnaround time	1 month
Method	Thin layer Chromatography
Reference range	Qualitative report
Source of reference range	

Test	Organic Acids	
Sample type	Urine	
Sample volume	10 mL	
Special requirements	Clinical details (such as fasting status, hypoglycaemia and relevant drug history) must be provided with all metabolic requests.	
Turnaround time	7 working days	
Method	Gas chromatography separation with mass spectrometry detection	
Reference range	Qualitative report	
Source of reference range	n/a	

Test	Osmolality
Sample type	Lithium Heparin
Sample volume	1 mL
Special requirements	
Turnaround time	24 hours
Method	Freezing point depression
Reference range	275 – 296 mOsm/kg
Source of reference range	

Test	Osmolality
Sample type	Urine
Sample volume	1 mL
Special requirements	
Turnaround time	24 hours
Method	Freezing point depression
Reference range	Normal concentrating ability in children >450 mOsm/kg
Source of reference range	

Test	Osmolality	
Sample type	Faeces	
Sample volume	2 mL	
Special requirements	Sample must be liquid	
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Method	Freezing point depression	
Reference range	Large osmolar gap between measured and calculated osmolality (e.g. >100 mOsm/kg) suggests osmotic diarrhoea	
Source of reference range		

Test	Paracetamol
Sample type	Lithium Heparin
Sample volume	1 mL
Special requirements	Collect sample 4 hours post ingestion. Please see the Trust paracetamol guidelines at http://intranet/DocumentsPolicies/Documents/Paracetamol%20Overdose%20Guideline.pdf
Turnaround time	24 hours
Method	Aryl acrylamidase enzymatic reaction with spectrophotometric detection
Reference range	Trust guidance available ("Medical management of paracetamol overdose" on the intranet)
Source of reference range	52

Test	Parathyroid Hormone (PTH)		
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain		
Sample volume	1 mL		
Special requirements	Send sample to the laboratory as soon as possible after collection. Also send sample for calcium measurement.		
Turnaround time	24 hours		
Method	Two-step chemiluminescent microparticle immunoassay		
Reference range	1.1 – 6.9 pmol/L		
Source of reference range	1		

Test	рН	
Sample type	Urine	
Sample volume	5 mL	
Turnaround time	10 minutes	
Method	Sterilab Analyticon Urilyzer 100 with combiscreen test strips	
Reference range	If patient is acidotic, urine pH should be <5	
Source of reference range		

Test	Phenobarbitone		
Sample type	Lithium Heparin	Lithium Heparin	
Sample volume	1 mL		
Special	Pre-dose sample		
requirements Turnaround time	Time to reach steady state is approximately 7 – 9 days 24 hours		
Method	Homogeneous particle-enhanced turbidimetric inhibition immunoassay		
Reference range	Therapeutic range	15 – 40 mg/L	
	Toxic	>60 mg/L	
Source of reference range			

Test	Phenylalanine	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Special requirements		
Turnaround time	4 working days	
Method	High-performance Liquid Chromatography with UV detection	
Reference range	PKU patient on diet <12 years >12	120 - 360 umol/L 120 - 600 umol/L
	Pregnant PKU	120 – 360 umol/L
Source of reference range	53	

Test	Phenylalanine (Home monitoring for known PKU patients)		
Sample type	Blood Spot		
Sample volume	1 spot		
Special requirements	Blood spot must be of g	Blood spot must be of good quality	
Turnaround time	3 working days	3 working days	
Method	Liquid chromatography	Liquid chromatography with Tandem Mass Spectrometry detection	
	PKU patient on diet		
Reference range	<12 years >12	120 - 360 umol/L 120 - 600 umol/L	
	Pregnant PKU	120 – 360 umol/L	
Source of reference range	53		

Test	Phenytoin	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin	
Sample volume	1 mL	
Special requirements	Pre-dose sample Time taken to reach steady state is approximately 7 days in a neonate, 4 days in a child.	
Turnaround time		
Method	Homogeneous enzyme	immunoassay
Reference range	Therapeutic range Toxic	10 – 20 mg/L >20 mg/L
Source of reference range		

Test	Phosphate (included i	n bone profile)
Sample type	Lithium Heparin	
Sample volume	1 mL	
Special requirements		
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Method	Phosphomolybdate enz	ymatic reaction with colourimetric UV detection
	0 - 7 days	1.36 - 2.91 mmol/L
	7 days - 2 years	1.36 - 2.26 mmol/L
	2 - 5 years	1.13 - 2.20 mmol/L
Reference range	5 - 8 years	1.00 - 2.03 mmol/L
	8 - 12 years	0.97 - 1.94 mmol/L
	12 - 16 years	0.81 - 1.51 mmol/L
	> 16 years	0.74 - 1.55 mmol/L
Source of reference range	28, 29	

Test	Phosphate	
Sample type	Urine	
Sample volume	5 mL	
Special requirements	For Tubular Reabsorption of Phosphate (TRP), a blood sample collected at the same time is required. To calculate TRP use the following formula: TRP = 1 - Uphosphate x Pcreatinine Pphosphate x Ucreatinine Alternatively, TmP/GFR can be determined using a nomogram after measuring fasting plasma and urine concentrations of phosphate and creatinine, as detailed in: Phosphate homeostasis and disorders. P. Manghat et al. Ann Clin Biochem 51, 6 (2014); Figure 3	
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Method	Phosphomolybdate enzy	matic reaction with colourimetric UV detection
	0 – 1 month	1.45 – 3.00 mmol/L
	1 month – 2 years	0.87 – 2.03 mmol/L
Reference range	2 – 12 years	1.03 – 1.80 mmol/L
	12 – 16 years	0.90 - 1.70 mmol/L
	>16 years	0.74 – 1.2 mmol/L
Source of reference range	40	

Test	Potassium (included in U&E profile)	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin	
Sample volume	1 mL	
Special requirements	Separate plasma if there is likely to be a delay of >4 hours before analysis	
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Method	Indirect ion-selective electrode	
Deference remark	<28 days	4.0 – 6.2 mmol/L
Reference range	>28 days	3.5 – 5.5 mmol/L
Source of reference range		

Test	Potassium	
Sample type	Urine	
Sample volume	1 mL random urine or 24	4 hour collection
Special requirements		
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Method	Indirect ion-selective electrode	
	Neonate	<2.3 mmol/kg/24 hours
	Child	<2.0 mmol/kg/24 hours
	Adult	25 – 100 mmol/24 hours
Reference range	In hypokalaemia a potassium/creatinine ratio on a random urine <1.5 sug poor intake, redistribution or extra-renal losses. A ratio >1.5 suggests renal acid base status and BP are then useful in the differential diagnosis. (IJKD, 2:115-22).	
Source of reference range	39	

Test	Prolactin	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / plain	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Special requirements		
Turnaround time	1 working day	
Method	Solid-phase, two-site sequential chemiluminescent immunometric assay	
Deference renge	Male	0 – 350 mU/L
Reference range	Female	0 – 500 mU/L
	Macroprolactin request may be added by the Duty Biochemist following clinical validation if Prolactin >700 mU/L is not explained	
Source of reference range	1	

Test	Protein (Total)	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin	
Sample volume	1 mL	
Special requirements		
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Method	Biuret test with UV dete	ction
	0- 2 months	54 – 74 g/L
	2 months – 2 years	62 – 83 g/L
	2 – 8 years	65 – 87 g/L
Reference range	8 – 12 years	67 – 92 g/L
	12 – 14 years	62 – 87 g/L
	14 – 16 years	64 – 90 g/L
	>16 years	65 – 85 g/L
Source of reference		
range		

Test	Protein
Sample type	Urine
Sample volume	24 hour urine or 1 mL random urine
Special requirements	
Turnaround time	24 hours
Method	Turbidimetry and UV detection
Reference range	<50 mg/24 hours
Source of reference range	

Test	Protein	
Sample type	CSF	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Special requirements		
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Method	Turbidimetry and UV detection	
	0 – 2 months	0.2 – 1.1 g/L
Reference range	2 – 4 months	0.1 – 0.8 g/L
	>4 months	0.1 – 0.4 g/L
Source of reference range	64	

Test	Reducing substances
Sample type	Faeces
Sample volume	
Special	Samples should be frozen within 2 hours of collection and stored at -20°C.
requirements	If sucrose malabsorption is suspected please make a specific request.
Turnaround time	3 working days
Method	Benedict's test followed by thin layer chromatography
Reference range	Qualitative report
Source of reference range	

Test	Reducing substances
Sample type	Urine
Sample volume	5 mL
Special requirements	Samples should be frozen within 2 hours of collection and stored at -20°C.
Turnaround time	3 working days
Method	Benedict's test followed by thin layer chromatography
Reference range	Qualitative report
Source of reference range	

Test	Salicylate	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin	
Sample volume	1 mL	
Special requirements		
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Method	Salicylate hydroxylase enzymatic reaction with spectrophotometric detection	
Reference range	Therapeutic range Mild poisoning (if symptoms) Moderate poisoning Severe poisoning	200 – 300 mg/L <300 mg/L 300 – 700 mg/L >700 mg/L
Source of reference range	54	<u> </u>

Test	Selenium		
Sample type	Teklab trace metal free tube. If Teklab tubes are unavailable an alternative serum/plain tube may be accepted.		
Sample volume	0.5 mL		
Special requirements			
Turnaround time	5 working days		
Method	Inductively-Coupled Plas	Inductively-Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometry (ICP-MS)	
	0 – 2 years	0.2 – 0.9 umol/L	
Reference range	4 – 4 years	0.5 – 1.3 umol/L	
	4 – 16 years	0.7 – 1.7 umol/L	
	>16 years	0.8 – 2.0 umol/L	
Source of reference range			

Test	Sodium (included in U&E profile)	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin	
Sample volume	1 mL	
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Method	Indirect Ion-selective electrode	
Poforonoo rongo	Neonate	132 – 142 mmol/L
Reference range	Child	135 – 145 mmol/L
Source of reference		
range		

Test	Sodium	
Sample type	Urine	
Sample volume	24 hour urine or 1 mL ra	ndom urine
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Method	Indirect Ion-selective ele	ctrode
	Neonate	<4.4 mmol/kg/24 hours
	Child	<3.7 mmol/kg/24 hours
	Adult	100 – 200 mmol/kg/24 hours
Reference range	Should be interpreted in relation to sodium intake. In hyponatraemia urine sodium <20 mmol/L suggests non renal losses, dilutional low intake; urine sodium >20 mmol/L indicates renal losses, SIADH, resetting of osmostat or endocrine disturbance.	
Source of reference range		

Test	Sulphite
Sample type	Urine
Sample volume	5 mL
Special requirements	Sample must be sent to the laboratory on ice immediately after collection.
Method	Macherey-Nagel Quantofix Sulfite semi-quantitative test strips
Reference range	Negative
Source of reference range	

Test	Sweat Test	
Sample type	Sweat	
Sample volume	Minimum 15µL, based o	n sweat production rate of 1g/m²/minute over 30 minutes
Special requirements	Please telephone Ext 24 recommended in neonat	187 (0151 252 5487) for appointment. Sweat tests are not see <7 days of age.
Turnaround time	1 working day	
Method (Sweat Chloride)	Coulometric titration	
	Chloride	
	<6 months	
	Low probability of CF	<30 mmol/L
	Intermediate	30 – 60 mmol/L
	Suggests CF	>60 mmol/L
Reference range	> 6 months	
	Low probability of CF	<40 mmol/L
	Intermediate	40 – 60 mmol/L
	Suggests CF	>60 mmol/L
	Higher values may be seen >10 years	
Source of reference range	32	

Test	Tacrolimus	
Sample type	EDTA whole blood	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Special requirements	Pre-dose sample (at least 12 hours post dose) required	
Turnaround time	Test performed twice weekly	
Method	Chemiluminescent Microparticle Immunoassay	
Reference range	Dependent on stage of patient post-transplant and determined for each patient individually by the transplant centre. Therapeutic range for 12 hour trough whole blood concentrations is typically 10 – 20 ng/mL for the first 2 months post-transplant and 5-10 ng/mL thereafter.	
Source of reference range	70	

Test	Testosterone	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / plain	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Special requirements		
Turnaround time	1 working day	
Method	Solid-phase, two-site sequential chemiluminescent immunometric assay	
Deference renge	Male (post puberty)	9 – 40 nmol/L
Reference range	Female (>1 year)	0 – 3.5 nmol/L
Source of reference range	1	

Test	Theophylline (aminophylline)		
Sample type	Lithium Heparin	Lithium Heparin	
Sample volume	0.5 mL		
	For IV theophylline see	Trust Aminophylline Monitoring Pathways on intranet.	
Special requirements	For oral theophylline sample should be collected 5 days after starting oral treatment and at least 3 days after any dose adjustment. A blood sample should usually be taken 6 hours after an oral dose of a modified-release preparation or after 1 hour if on liquid (contact Pharmacy for further advice).		
Turnaround time	24 hours		
Method	Enzyme immunoassay		
	Target	10 – 20 mg/L	
Reference range	·		
	Toxic	>20 mg/L	
Source of reference range	55		

Test	Thyroid Function Tests (TFT, includes TSH and Free T4)			
Sample type	Lithium Heparin			
Sample volume	1.3 mL			
Special requirements				
Turnaround time	24 hours			
Reference range	See individual tests (TS	H, Free T4, Free T3)		
Test	Thyroid Stimulating H	ormone (TSH)		
Method	Chemiluminescent micr	oparticle immunoassay		
	0 – 1 day	2.4 – 33 mU/L		
Defenses non-	1 – 2 days	1.6 – 18 mU/L		
Reference range	2 – 3 days	0.6 – 10 mU/L		
	>3 days	0.3 – 3.8 mU/L		
Source of reference range	33			
Test	Free T4			
Method	Chemiluminescent micr	oparticle immunoassay		
	< 2 weeks	s 10 – 30 pmol/L		
Reference range	2 weeks – 1 month	n 10 – 25 pmol/L		
	>1 month	>1 month 9 – 19 pmol/L		
Source of reference range	34			
Test	Free T3			
Method	Chemiluminescent microparticle immunoassay			
	1	Male	Female	
Reference range	4 days - <1 year	3.56 – 7.48 pmol/L	3.56 – 7.48 pmol/L	
	1 - <12 years	4.29 – 6.79 pmol/L	4.29 – 6.79 pmol/L	
	12 - <15 years	4.44 – 6.65 pmol/L	3.84 – 6.06 pmol/L	
	≥15 years	3.46 – 5.92 pmol/L	3.55 – 5.70 pmol/L	
Source of reference range	59			

Test	Thyroid Peroxidase Antibodies (TPO)	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Special requirements		
Turnaround time	5 working days	
Method	Chemiluminescent microparticle immunoassay	
Reference range	<6 IU/L	
Source of reference range	Manufacturers ranges (Abbott)	

Test	Tissue Transglutaminase (TTG)	
Sample type	Plain	
Sample volume	1 mL	
Special requirements	Testing for coeliac disease is accurate only if the patient has a gluten containing diet for a minimum of 6 weeks before testing. Sample haemolysis (H index >1) may lead to falsely low TTG concentrations.	
Turnaround time	7 working days	
Method	EliA Celikey IgA Fluoroenzymeimmunoassay	
	Negative	0 – 7 U/mL
Reference range	Equivocal	7 – 10 U/mL
	Positive	>10 U/mL
Source of reference range	68, 69	

Test	Tobramycin
Sample type	Lithium Heparin
Sample volume	0.5 mL
Special requirements	Follow Alder Hey aminoglycoside guideline for appropriate dosing and monitoring: <u>Alder Hey aminoglycoside guideline</u>
Turnaround time	24 hours
Method	Particle-enhanced turbidimetric inhibition immunoassay
	Trough (2-3 hours before the next dose is due) <1mg/L
Source of reference range	42

Test	Transferrin	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Special requirements		
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Method	Immunoturbidimetry	
	0 - <9 weeks	1.04 – 2.24 g/L
Reference range	9 weeks - 1 year	1.07 – 3.24 g/L
	1 - <19 years	2.20 – 3.37 g/L
Source of reference range	59	

Test	Triglycerides			
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain			
Sample volume	0.5 mL			
Special requirements	Fasting sample preferre	Fasting sample preferred		
Turnaround time	24 hours			
Method	Glycerol Phosphate Oxid	dase 4-point enzy	matic reaction with colo	ourimetric detection
		Acceptable	Borderline	High
Reference range	0 – 9 years	<0.85 mmol/L	0.85 – 1.12 mmol/L	>1.12 mmol/L
	10 – 19 years	<1.02 mmol/L	1.02 – 1.46 mmol/L	>1.46 mmol/L
Source of reference range	18			

Test	Urate (Uric Acid)	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Special requirements	If patient is on Rasburicase therapy the sample must be sent to the laboratory on ice as soon as possible after collection	
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Method	Uricase end-point enzy	matic reaction with spectrophotometric detection
	Neonate	120 – 420 umol/L
Reference range	Child	120 – 390 umol/L
renormos runge	Adult male Adult female	119 – 416 umol/L *********** umol/L
Source of reference range	36	

Test	Troponin I (High Sensitivity)	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain / EDTA	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Special requirements		
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Method	Chemiluminescent microparticle immunoassay (CMIA)	
	1 - <19 years	<31 ng/L
Reference range	Limited data is available for infants <1 year. Troponin I values are higher in the first few months of life followed by a rapid fall during the first 6 months then a slower decline during childhood.	
Source of reference range	59	

Test	Urate (Uric Acid)	
Sample type	Urine	
Sample volume	1 mL	
Special requirements		
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Method	Uricase end-point enzymatic reaction with spectrophotometric detection	
	Neonate	0.34 – 1.95 mmol/mmol creatinine
Reference range	0 – 5 years	0.27 - 1.01 mmol/mmol creatinine
Reference range	5 – 10 years	0.18 - 0.67 mmol/mmol creatinine
	>10 years	< 0.68 mmol/mmol creatinine
Source of reference range	37, 38	

Test	Urea (Included in U&E p	rofile)
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain	
Sample volume	1 mL	
Turnaround time	24 hours	
Method	Urease enzymatic reaction with spectrophotometric detection	
Reference range	<1 year 1.0 – 5.0 mmol/L 1 – 15 years 2.3 – 6.4 mmol/L >15 years 2.5 – 6.7 mmol/L	
Source of reference range		

Test	Urea & Electrolytes (U&E)
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain
Sample volume	0.5 mL
Special requirements	Includes Sodium, Potassium, Chloride, Bicarbonate, Urea, Creatinine, Anion Gap.
Turnaround time	24 hours
Method	See individual tests
Reference range	See individual tests
Source of reference range	

Test	Urea & Electrolytes (U&E)
Sample type	Urine
Sample volume	1 mL
Special requirements	Includes Sodium, Potassium, Urea, Creatinine.
Turnaround time	24 hours
Method	See individual tests
Reference range	See individual tests
Source of reference range	

Test	Vancomycin		
Sample type	Lithium Heparin		
Sample volume	0.5 mL		
Special requirements	Please indicate whether peak (post dose)	Please indicate whether peak (post dose) or trough (post dose).	
Turnaround time	24 hours		
Method	Particle-enhanced turbidimetric inhibition immunoassay		
	Trough	10 – 15 mg/L	
Therapeutic range	For severe infections or reduced sensitivity	15 – 20 mg/L	
	Toxic	>20 mg/L	
Source of reference range	61		

Test	Vitamin A (Retinol)	
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / plain	
Sample volume	0.5 mL	
Special requirements	Samples must be protected from light Grossly haemolysed samples are unsuitable for analysis	
Turnaround time	3 weeks	
Method	High-Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) with UV detection	
	1 – 6 years	0.7 – 1.5 umol/L
Reference range	7 – 12 years	0.9 – 1.7 umol/L
	13 – 19 years	0.9 – 2.5 umol/L
Source of reference range	19	

Test	Vitamin B12
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / Plain
Sample volume	0.5 mL
Special requirements	
Turnaround time	24 hours
Reference range	118 – 716 pmol/L
Source of reference	
range	

Test	Vitamin D (25-Hydroxy Vitamin D)				
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / plain				
Sample volume	0.5 mL				
Special requirements					
Turnaround time	24h for standard method (immunoassay) 2 weeks for Mass Spectrometry (see below).				
Method	Chemiluminescent microparticle immunoassay(standard method) For patients on Vitamin D2 (Ergocalciferol) supplements 25-OH Vitamin D2 and D3 will be measured by Tandem Mass Spectrometry.				
	Total Vitamin D (25-OH Vitamin D2 + 25-OH Vitamin D3)				
Deference renge	Deficient <25 nmol/L				
Reference range	Insufficient 25 – 50 nmol/L				
	Adequate >50 nmol/L				
Source of reference range	56				

Test	Vitamin E (Tocopherol)
Sample type	Lithium Heparin / plain
Sample volume	0.5 mL
Special requirements	Samples must be protected from light Even slight haemolysis can cause a significant negative bias for Vitamin E results
Turnaround time	3 weeks
Method	High-Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) with UV detection
Reference range	6.9 – 41.5 umol/L
Source of reference range	57

Test	VMA (VanillyImandelic Acid)					
Sample type	24 hour urine collected into bottle containing	g acid or random urine				
Sample volume	3 mL if random urine					
Special requirements	Random samples must arrive at the laboratory within 30 minutes of collection (please inform laboratory staff when sending a sample)					
Turnaround time	5 working days					
Method	High-Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) with electrochemical detection					
	0 – 1 year <15 umol/mmol creatinine					
	1 – 2 years	<12 umol/mmol creatinine				
Reference range	3 – 4 years <pre><7.5 umol/mmol creatinine</pre>					
	5 – 10 years <7.0 umol/mmol creatinine					
	>11 years <7.0 umol/mmol creatinine					
Source of reference range						

Test	Zinc
Sample type	Teklab trace metal free tube. If Teklab tubes are unavailable an alternative serum/plain tube may be accepted.
Sample volume	1 mL
Special requirements	Sample must be collected into trace metal free tube
Turnaround time	5 working days
Method	Inductively-Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometry (ICP-MS)
Reference range	9.6 – 18.0 umol/L
Source of reference range	

18 References

- 1. Reference ranges from the Royal Liverpool University Hospital used following validation work which showed good comparison.
- Established in house using urine from 20 healthy volunteers. Compared well with Paediatric Reference Ranges (4th edition) AACC Press Washington, p149.
- Blair et al, Arch Dis Child 62 (1997), 362-9.
- 4. Blohm et al, Paediatr Haematol Oncol (1998) 15: 135 142. AFP reference values in infants up to 2 years of age.
- 5. Sitzman et al, Klin Paed 186 (1974), 346; Sitzman, Arch Kinderheizkunder 183 (1971), 1.
- 6. Thelfield, Deut Med Wochen 99 (1974), 343.
- Guildford RSCH Trace Element Laboratory Supra-Regional Assay service. https://www.sas-centre.org/assays/trace-elements
- 8. Moat et al, Mol Genet Metab (2010) 101 (2-3), 149 and Carling RS, Multi Centre Age Related Amino Acid Reference Intervals for Cerebrospinal Fluid, Plasma and CSF:Plasma Ratios.
- 9. Jolliff et al, Clin Chem 28 (1982), 126. Changed from CDC to IFCC calibration by x 1.01, July 1996.
- 10. Liappis et al, Klin Pediat 195 (1983), 107-16. Recalculated to IFCC July 1996.
- 11. Beckman assay protocol. 1994. Recalculated to IFCC July 1996.
- 12. Jolliff et al, Clin Chem 28 (1982), 126. Changed from CDC to IFCC calibration by x 1.31, July 1996.
- 13. Age and sex-specific paediatric reference intervals: study design and methods illustrated by measurement of serum proteins with the Behring LN nephelometer. Lockitch *et al*, Clin Chem 34 (1988), 1618. Converted to IFCC standard by x 1.18.
- 14. Liappis et al, Klin Paed 195 (1983),107. Converted to IFCC standard by x 1.18, July 1996.
- 15. Beckman protocol, 1994. Converted to IFCC standard by x 1.18, July 1996.
- 16. Metz, Ann Clin Biochem 43 (2006), 398-401 and analysis of Alder Hey data, March 2007.
- 17. Sheffield Children's Hospital reference range following patient comparisons
- 18. National Heart, Lung and Blood Institute Expert Panel on Integrated Guidelines for Cardiovascular Health and Risk Reduction in Children and Adolescents 2012
- 19. Age and sex-specific paediatric reference intervals and correlations for zinc, copper, selenium, iron, Vitamins A and E and related proteins, Lockitch *et al*, Clin Chem 34 (1988), 1625.
- 20. In house population data (2015)
- 21. DeJong, Clin Chem 38/6 (1992), 803-7.
- 22. Chromsystems (2001), MEDIA meeting Dusseldorf (1997). Validated in-house.
- 23. Established in-house and correlated with other centres.
- 24. Reiber, Clin Chim Acta, 163 (1987), 319 328.
- 25. J Clin Endo and Metab 83 (8), (1998), 2694-96.
- 26. Locktich, G et a. Clin Chem (1988), 34(8): 1622-5
- 27. Ranges quoted by SAS trace element laboratory and laboratory at Southampton.
- 28. Nelson et al, Acta Paed 78 (1989), 351-357.
- 29. Cheng et al, Clin Chem 25/6 (1979), 692-698.
- 30. Cousineau et al, Clinical Biochemistry 38 (2005) 905-907.
- 31. Statz et al, Dev Med Chil Neurol, 25 (1983), 152-161.
- 32. RCPH Guideline for the performance of the sweat test for the investigation of Cystic Fibrosis in the UK (2nd version 2014)
- 33. Values for age > 13 yrs from reagent manufacturers information (wallac) and children around 7 yrs of age by inspection of laboratory data. Ranges for younger ages are from the literature (Fisher DA, The Thyroid Gland, in Brook CGD Clinical Paediatric Endocrinology 2nd edition. Blackwell. 1989, 313 and Paediatric Reference Ranges, Soldin and Hicks AACC Press, 1995).
- 34. Derived in-house.
- 35. Valquist, Scand J Clin Lab Invest 35 (1975), 569-575. Standardised to IFCC by x 0.84
- 36. Kodak protocol.
- 37. Kauffman, J Mediat 73 (1968), 583.
- 38. Nyhan in Inborn Errors of Metabolism, MTP (1980), 13-36.
- 39. IJKD (2008); 2:115-121
- 40. Phosphate homeostasis and disorders. P. Manghat et al Ann Clin Biochem 51, 6 (2014); Figure 3
- 41. In house review of population data and comparison with reference ranges from Manchester Children's Hospital 2015
- 42. Alder Hey Aminoglycoside Guideline Jan 2023

- 44. National Metabolic Biochemistry Network Guidelines for the investigation of hypoglycaemia in infants and children 2nd Revised Edition: Jim Bonham, Tim Lang FRCPath
- 45. NICE Clinical Guideline for jaundice in newborn babies under 28 days 2010
- (ww.nice.org.uk/guidance/cg98/evidence)
- 46. Information from kit manufacturer 47. Paediatrics v120, No 3, 2007 (575-586)
- 48. British National Formulary for Children
- 49. Definition and diagnosis of Diabetes Mellitus and intermediate hyperglycemia. Report of a WHO/IDF Consultation 2006
- 50. Use of Glycated Haemoglobin (HbA1c) in the Diagnosis of Diabetes Mellitus (World Health Organisation) 2011
- 51. 'Protocol M' Alder Hey Oncology unit protocol for methotrexate infusion
- 52. Alder Hey Paracetamol Overdose (Medical Management) Pathway: Version 4, May 2016
- 53. Key European Guidelines for the diagnosis and management of patients with phenylketonuria. The Lancet Diabetes & Endocrinology January 2017
- 54. www.toxbase.org
- 55. Alder Hey Aminophylline guidelines
- 56. Alder Hey Vitamin D Treatment Guidelines
- 57. Serum vitamin A and E concentrations in paediatric TPN patients. Hack, SL, J Parenter Enteral Nutr 1990 Mar-Apr; 14(2):189
- 58. MetBioNet Guidelines for the investigation of hyperammonaemia

(www.metbio.net/metbioguidelines.asp)

- 59. CALIPER (Canadian Laboratory Initiative on Paediatric Reference Intervals) study (https://app3.ccb.sickkids.ca/caliper/caliperlogin)
- 60. Advisory Committee on Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention. Low level lead exposure harms children: a renewed call for primary prevention. Atlanta, GA: US Department of Health and Human Services, CDC, Advisory Committee on Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention, 2012.
- 61. Alder Hey Vancomycin Dosing and Monitoring Guideline
- 62. BNF for Children
- 63. Data supplied by Siemens, verified in house.
- 64. Wong et al. Arch Paed Adolesc Med. 2000;154:827-831
- 65. Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics 2012
- 66. Olesen H. Kompendium 2000 Kompendium i laboratoriemedicin.
- 67. Pathology Harmony; a pragmatic and scientific approach to unfounded variation in the clinical laboratory. Ann Clin Biochem 2011; 48 (195-7).
- 68. Manufacturers ranges (Phadia AB, Uppsala, Sweden)
- 69. European Society Paediatric Gastroenterology, Hepatology and Nutrition guidelines for diagnosing coeliac disease 2019
- 70. Therapeutic Drug Monitoring of Tacrolimus-Personalised Therapy: Second Consensus Report. *Ther Dru Monit* 2019;41:261-307.
- 71. Age-Dependent Reference Values for hs-Troponin T and NT-proBNP and Determining Factors in a Cohort of Healthy Children (The LIFE Child Study) Kiess A *et al.* Paediatric Cardiology (2022) 41:1071-1083.
- 72. EASL Clinical Practice Guidelines: Wilson Disease. Journal of Hepatology 2012 vol. 56 j 571-685.

Appendix 1 AFP Reference Ranges

Serum AFP values of term babies without additional factors associated with AFP elevation (n=524).

Units = IU/mL

Α	GE	AFP (mean)	AFP (95	.5%	6 interval)	Half-life (t½)
C) d	34,600	7,570	-	158,153	
1	d	30,205	6,593	-	137,746	
2	? d	26,368	5,769	-	119,972	
3	3 d	23,018	5,002	-	104,491	
4	l d	20,094	4,397	-	91,008	
5	i d	17,542	3,838	-	80,182	5.1
6	6 d	15,314	3,351	-	69,997	
7	' d	13,369	2,925	-	61,105	
8 – 14 d	(1 - 2 wk)	7,746	1,228	-	48,876	
15 – 21 d	(2 - 3 wk)	3,014	477	-	19,015	
22 – 28 d	(3 - 4 wk)	1,159	262	-	5,237	
29 – 45 d	(4 - 6 wk)	346	25	-	4,776	14
46 – 60 d	(6 wk - 2 m)	148	13	-	1,656	
61 – 90 d	(2 - 3 m)	66	5.0	-	867	28
91 – 120 d	(3 - 4 m)	30	2.5	-	346	
121 – 150 d	(4 - 5 m)	17	1.7	-	179	42
151 – 180 d	(5 – 6 m)	11	1.0	-	107	
181 – 720 d	(6 m – 2 y)	6.6	0.7	-	72	

Reference:

Blohm MEG, Vesterling-Hörner D, Calaminus G, Göbel U. Alpha₁-fetoproteins (AFP) reference values in infants up to two years of age. *Pediatr Hematol Oncol* (1998) **15:** 135-142.

Appendix 2 Amino Acid reference Ranges

A. Plasma amino acids

	From age								
AMINO ACID	Day 0	0-6m	6m	1 y	2y	5y	6у	16y	Overall
Taurine	26-169	26-169		26-169		26-169			26-169
Aspartic			4-18		3-8		3-6	2-5	
Threonine	47-240	39-175		39-175		39-175			43-218
Serine	69-206	69-206		69-206		69-206			69-206
Asparagine									30-70
Glutamine	323-810	320-789		320-789		320-789			326-800
Proline	66-330	66-330		66-330		66-330			66-330
Glutamic acid	32-240	32-240		26-151		26-151			
Glycine	120-436	120-436		120-436		120-436			120-436
Alanine	112-592	112-592		112-592		112-592			112-592
Valine	65-290	101-317		101-317		101-317			79-313
Cystine			21-53		27-52		33-54	36-61	
Methionine/Homocitrulline	11-49	10-34		10-34		10-34			10-41
Isoleucine	20-91	20-91		20-91		20-91			20-91
Leucine	44-169	44-169		44-169		44-169			44-169
Tyrosine	22-103	30-89		30-89		30-89			29-92
Phenylalanine	25-80	30-65		30-65		30-65			30-76
Ornithine	29-171	31-130		22-93		22-93			24-154
Lysine	70-266	63-204		63-204		63-204			66-242
Histidine	43-111	43-111		43-111		43-111			43-111
Arginine	12-112	12-112		17-85		17-85			14-102
Tryptophan									40-79
Citrulline									19-36

Age-specific distribution of plasma amino acid concentrations in a healthy pediatric population Lepage *et al.* Clin Chem (1997) 43:12, 2397-2402

Carling RS, Multi Centre Age Related Amino Acid Reference Intervals for Cerebrospinal Fluid, Plasma and CSF:Plasma Ratios.

B. Urine amino acids

Amino acid		Age							
	0-1m	1-6m	6-12m	1-2y	2-4y	4-7y	7-10y	10-13y	>13y
Taurine	8-266	6-89	9-123	12-159	13-200	17-230	18-230	18-176	16-180
Aspartic acid	2-12	2-16	3-12	3-10	2-8	2-8	1-9	1-10	2-7
Threonine	20-138	17-92	14-56	15-62	10-48	9-36	9-27	8-28	7-29
Serine	80-282	42-194	50-137	45-124	32-94	38-93	23-69	23-67	21-50
Asparagine	0-84	0-58	0-36	0-32	0-30	0-29	0-24	0-18	0-23
Glutamic	0-30	0-29	0-18	0-11	0-10	0-8	0-5	0-9	0-12
Glutamine	52-205	63-229	74-197	62-165	45-236	52-133	31-97	20-112	20-76
Proline	21-213	0-130	0-14	0-13	0-9	0-9	0-9	0-9	0-9
Glycine	283-1097	210-743	114-445	110-356	111-326	91-246	84-236	64-165	43-173
Alanine	75-244	72-206	36-162	41-130	33-115	27-92	17-65	21-62	16-68
Citrulline	0-11	0-10	0-8	0-7	0-6	0-5	0-5	0-5	0-4
Valine	3-26	4-19	6-19	7-21	6-20	3-15	3-15	3-17	3-13
1/2 cystine	24-78	13-48	12-29	10-26	8-30	8-22	8-21	7-23	6-34
Methionine	7-27	6-22	8-29	7-29	5-21	5-20	3-17	3-10	2-16
Isoleucine	0-6	0-5	0-6	0-6	0-5	0-5	0-6	0-6	0-4
Leucine	3-25	4-12	4-16	3-17	4-18	3-13	3-16	3-14	2-11
Tyrosine	6-55	12-52	11-54	13-48	10-30	9-35	7-26	6-25	2-23
Phenylalanine	4-32	7-28	11-28	10-31	7-21	6-26	5-20	5-17	2-19
Ornithine	0-19	0-13	0-8	0-8	0-7	0-7	0-6	0-6	0-5
Lysine	22-171	15-199	13-79	16-69	10-46	10-68	10-44	10-56	7-58
Histidine	80-295	72-342	92-278	87-287	68-255	61-216	45-184	43-159	26-153
Arginine	0-14	0-11	0-11	0-8	0-9	0-7	0-6	0-6	0-5
Tryptophan									0-30
Homocystine									0

Age related reference values for free amino acids in first morning urine specimens Parvy *et al.* Clin Chem (1988) 34:2092-2095

C. CSF Amino Acids

	<6 months	6 - 12 months	1 - 5 years	> 5 years
Phenylalanine	4 – 27	5 – 15	5 – 15	5 – 15
Tyrosine	8 - 35	5 – 22	5 – 22	5 – 22
Valine	8 – 39	7 – 25	7 – 25	7 – 25
Leucine	7 - 33	6 – 21	6 – 21	6 – 21
Isoleucine	0 – 14	0 – 10	0 – 10	0 – 10
Glutamine	351 – 920	317 – 755	317 – 755	317 – 755
Glutamic Acid	0 – 37	0 - 16	0 – 16	0 – 16
Ornithine	2 – 13	3 – 11	1 – 7	1 – 7
Asparagine	2 – 20	2 – 20	2 – 20	2 – 20
Arginine	8 – 29	8 – 29	8 – 29	8 – 29
Citrulline	0 – 5	0 – 5	0 – 5	0 – 5
Lysine	12 – 35	12 – 35	10 – 30	10 – 30
Taurine	4 – 25	5 – 12	3 - 11	3 – 11
Cystine	0 – 4	0 – 4	0 – 4	0 - 4
Methionine	1 – 11	0 – 6	0 – 6	0 - 6
Alanine	18 - 59	13 – 41	13 – 41	13 – 41
Glycine	2 – 15	2 – 10	2 – 10	2 – 10
Proline	0 – 5	0 – 5	0 – 5	0 – 5
Threonine	21 - 115	12 – 55	12 - 55	12 - 55
Histidine	10 – 34	7 - 19	7 - 19	7 – 17
Tryptophan	0 - 3	0 - 3	0 - 3	0 - 3

Moat et al, Mol Genet Metab (2010) 101 (2-3), 149 and Carling RS, Multi Centre Age Related Amino Acid Reference Intervals for Cerebrospinal Fluid, Plasma and CSF:Plasma Ratios.

3.1 CSF serine reference ranges

Age	Reference Range (umol/L)
< 2 weeks	43 – 74
2 – 3 weeks	41 – 70
3 – 4 weeks	39 – 68
1 - 2 months	38 – 66
2 – 3 months	36 – 62
3 – 6 months	35 – 60
6 – 9 months	33 – 56
9 – 12 months	31 – 54
12 – 18 months	30 – 52
18 - 24 months	29 – 50
2 - 3 years	28 - 48
3 - 5 years	27 – 46
5 – 10 years	25 – 43
10 - 15 years	23 – 39
15 - 20 years	22 – 37
> 20 years	21 – 35

Multicentre age-related reference intervals for cerebrospinal fluid serine concentrations: implications for the diagnosis and follow-up of serine biosynthesis disorders Moat *et al*, Mol Genet Metab (2010) 101 (2-3), 149

Appendix 3 Homocystine

Amino Acids are generally reasonably stable for 1-2 days in urine or separated plasma and we accept such samples for amino acid analysis by first class post. However, if homocystine is required the plasma must be separated from the cells and the protein precipitated with a special precipitant (obtained from the laboratory) within 30 minutes of phlebotomy, otherwise the homocystine binds to protein and is not detected. It is not necessary to precipitate the urine unless protein is present. The precipitant contains internal standards of norleucine and aminoethylcysteine and the buffers used in chromatography. It can be stored at 4°C for up to six months.

Please note plasma homocysteine is a preferred alternative to homocystine. Samples for this test do not require precipitation but must be centrifuged and separated within 30 minute of collection. If homocystine is required the following procedure should be followed.

Procedure:

- 1. Allow the precipitation reagent to warm to room temperature.
- 2. Collect at least 0.5 mL blood into a Lithium Heparin tube.
- 3. Centrifuge the sample to separate the red cells and plasma
- 4. Pipette 100 μL of the plasma into a centrifuge tube and add 100 μL of the precipitating reagent. Mix well (vortex).
- 5. Place the sample in the fridge (4°C) for one hour.
- 6. Centrifuge again and pipette the supernatant into a clean sample tube.
- 7. CAUTION the precipitant is 10% (i.e. 10g / 100 mL) sulphosalicylic acid, and is corrosive. Handle with care.
- 8. Send the request and sample at ambient temperature by first class post / routine transport to:

Biochemistry Department Alder Hey Children's Hospital Eaton Road Liverpool L12 2AP

Please request plasma amino acid analysis and state that the sample has been precipitated and that homocystine concentration is required.

The procedure given above has been written with infants and children in mind. The analyser requires $60~\mu L$ of precipitated sample. The procedure provides us with approximately $100~\mu L$ and therefore we have only one chance at analysing the sample. If more blood is available from older children / adults please consider preparing two aliquots in case of instrument. / technical failures.

Appendix 4 Cystinuria

Ranges are in µmol / mmol creatinine.

Cystine :	
Normal	0.9 – 10
Heterozygote	7.1 – 85.4
Homozygote	141 – 428
Ornithine :	
Normal	1.1 – 17.3
Heterozygote	2.5 – 45.4
Homozygote	44 – 502
Arginine	
Normal	0 – 20
Heterozygote	0.5 – 26.4
Homozygote	30.8 – 2171
Lysine :	
Normal	4.5 – 55.4
Heterozygote	44.4 – 338
Homozygote	265 - 1957

Crawhall et al Ann Human Genet 33 (1969) 149

Appendix 5 Immunoglobulin Reference Ranges

Reference Ranges in g/L

	IgA	IgG	IgM
Cord Blood	0.014 - 0.036	6.11 – 15.4	0.060 - 0.24
1 – 2 mth	0.013 – 0.53	2.41 – 8.7	0.19 – 0.83
2 – 3 mth	0.028 - 0.47	1.98 – 5.77	0.16 – 1.0
3 – 4 mth	0.046 - 0.46	1.69 – 5.58	0.23 – 0.85
4 - 5 mth	0.044 - 0.73	1.88 – 5.36	0.26 – 0.96
5 – 6 mth	0.081 – 0.84	1.65 – 7.81	0.31 – 1.03
6 – 7 mth	0.081 – 0.68	2.06 – 6.76	0.33 – 0.97
7 – 10 mth	0.11 – 0.90	2.08 - 8.68	0.32 – 1.20
11 – 12 mth	0.16 – 0.84	2.82 – 10.30	0.39 – 1.42
12 – 24 mth	0.14 – 1.06	3.31 – 11.6	0.41 – 1.64
2 3 – yrs	0.14 – 1.23	4.07 – 10.1	0.46 – 1.60
3 – 4 yrs	0.22 – 1.59	4.23 – 10.9	0.45 – 1.9
4 – 5 yrs	0.25 – 1.54	4.44 – 11.9	0.41 – 0.86
6 – 8 yrs	0.33 – 2.02	6.08 – 11.6	0.46 – 1.97
9 – 10 yrs	0.45 – 2.36	5.84 – 15.1	0.49 – 2.3
10 – 12 yrs	0.63 – 3.26	7.39 – 13.9	0.53 – 2.27
12 – 14 yrs	0.39 – 2.52	6.26 – 13.9	0.41 – 2.49
14 – 18 yrs	0.44 – 2.63	6.13 – 15.5	0.47 – 2.57
Adult	0.7 – 3.12	6.13 – 13.0	0.53 – 3.34

0 – 10 years 10 – 18 years Adult Jolliff *et al* Clin Chem 28 (1982),126 Liappis *et al* Klin Paed 195 (1983) 107 Jolliff *et al* Clin Chem 28 (1982),126 converted from CDC to IFCC calibration by multiplication by 0.96 - Nov 1996